

Graphing $f(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k$

3.4 2 days

Warm up. Use p. 144 for problems.

Even function - If $f(-x) = f(x)$ (the graph is symmetric about the y-axis)

Odd function - If $f(-x) = -f(x)$ (the graph is symmetric about the origin)
(if you can rotate 180° & land back on itself)

Vertex form of a Quadratic $f(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k$ Vertex (h, k)

Ex 1. Determine whether each function is even, odd or neither.

a) $f(x) = 3x$

* Substitute $-x$ in for x & simplify

$= 3(-x) = -3x$

Since this is the opposite of the original it is ODD

b) $g(x) = 2x^2 - 6$

$2(-x)^2 - 6 = 2x^2 - 6$

Since this is the same as the original it's EVEN

c) $h(x) = 3x^2 - 2x + 4$

$3(-x)^2 - 2(-x) + 4$

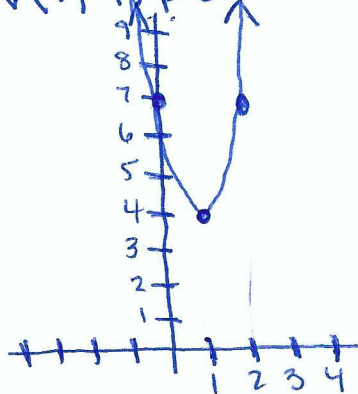
$3x^2 + 2x + 4$

the middle term changed signs but the others did not so it's NEITHER

Ex 2. Graph the function. Compare the graph to

a) $g(x) = 3(x-1)^2 + 4$

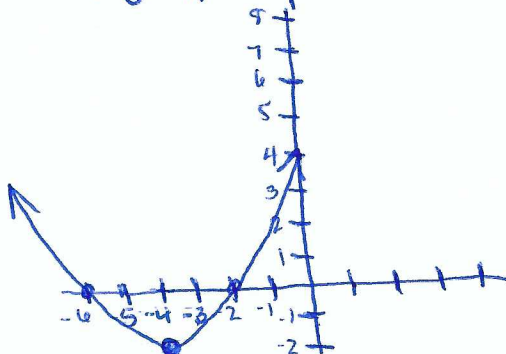
V(1, 4) pts ↑ skinny



* plug in $x=0$ & $x=2$
(0, 7) (2, 7)

b) $h(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x+4)^2 - 2$

V(-4, -2) pts ↑ wide

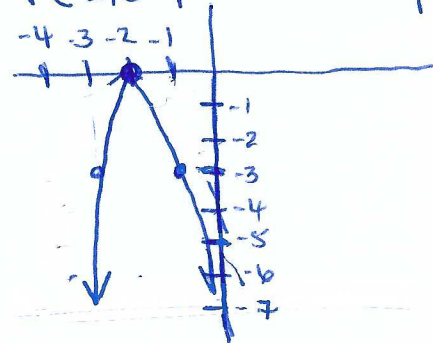


* plug in $x=-6$ & -2
(-6, 0) (-2, 0)

$f(x) = x^2$

c) $g(x) = -3(x+2)^2$

V(-2, 0) pts ↓ skinny



* plug in $x=-3$ & -1
(-3, -3) (-1, -3)

HW 3.4A p. 150 5, 6, 8, 19-27 odd, 31, 32, 35-41

Day 2. Do # 45-49 p. 151 together in class

HW 3.4B p. 150 24, 28, 40, 42, 52, 53, 57-61 odd, 70

* can skip Even/Odd NOTES & # 5, 6, 8 (1st day) ^{from}