

Name: _____ Hour: _____ Date: _____

Which way will the Hershey Kiss land?



When you toss a Hershey Kiss, it sometimes lands flat and sometimes lands on its side. What proportion of tosses will land flat?

Each group of four selects a random sample of 50 Hershey's Kisses to bring back to their desks. Toss the 50 Kisses and then calculate the proportion that land flat. Let \hat{p} = the proportion of the Kisses that land flat.

1. What is your **point estimate** for the true proportion that land flat? _____
2. Identify the population, parameter, sample and statistic.
 Population: _____ Parameter: _____
 Sample: _____ Statistic: _____
3. Was the sample a random sample? Why is this important?
4. What is the formula for calculating the standard deviation of the sampling distribution of \hat{p} ?
5. What condition must be met to use this formula? Has it been met?
6. We don't know the value of p (that's the whole point of a confidence interval) so we will use \hat{p} instead. Calculate the standard deviation.
7. Would it be appropriate to use a normal distribution to model the sampling distribution of \hat{p} ? Justify your answer.

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8. In a normal distribution, 95% of the data lies within _____ standard deviations of the mean. This value is called the **critical value**. Use table A or InverseNorm to find these critical values:
- 80% of the data lies within _____ standard deviations of the mean
- 90% of the data lies within _____ standard deviations of the mean
- 95% of the data lies within _____ standard deviations of the mean
- 99% of the data lies within _____ standard deviations of the mean
9. Calculate the **margin of error** for a 95% interval by multiplying the critical value and standard deviation you found. Show your work.
10. Find the 95% confidence interval using **point estimate +/- margin of error**.
11. Add your interval to the graph on the board. Sketch the graph below.
12. What do you think is the true proportion of kisses that land flat is?

